JUST A MOMENT

Give these items your serious attention for a minute, and ask yourself the question -"Have I ever seen first-class goods at

late comers these are. Would readily have brought \$1.50 a month ago.

NOW \$1 YARD. All our Pattern Suits that were \$15 to \$22 each; no two alike, and all exclusive styles,

NOW \$10 DRESS. Heather Mixtures, all-wool, neat styles, NOW 58e YARD. Small lot of 37-inch Novelty Dress Goods, well worth the regular price of 39c yard.

Imported Challies. These are French goods, and are all wool, priced NOW 36c YARD. Plain and Striped Cashmeres, 19 and 25c qualities, 36 inches wide, at NOW- 10c YARD. 36-inch, all wool, Melange, priced every day in the year 39c yard. NOW 28c YARD.

L. S. Ayres & Co.

Pot and Pedestal Pottery

Women folks have an eye for what makes the house beautiful and home attractive.

PALMS, GROWING FLOWERS, WIN-TER PLANTS OF ALL KINDS. Nothing is more elegant, more decorative-and plants in a room are healthy-sure indications of pure air. SEE THE WINDOW DISPLAY.

> POTS AND PEDESTALS FOR PLANTS.

- ASTMAN, SCHLEICHER

ART EMPORIUM.

Window Bargain Sale Every Monday.

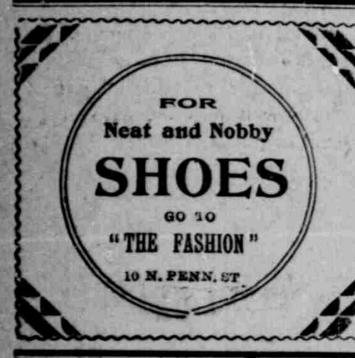
CHRISTMAS!

Only Three Weeks

We Are the People

THE H. LIEBER COMPANY.

33 South Meridian Street. Pictures, Frames, Mirrord,



0000000 "My country is the world; my antrymen are mankind."
William Lloyd Garrison.

Ladies' Riding Hats

Bates House Hat Store

00000000

It's the Movement

You want when buying a Watch. You should consider the movement does the work, not the case. We have accurate time-keepers. We will encase them to suit you, in Gold, Silver, Filled or Nickel, at prices that will surely suit you, in Waltham, Hampden, Elgin, Swiss, or any movement you want.

MARCY JEWELER

38 West Washington Street.

GRAVE CHARGE AGAINST DANIELS U. L. Blu Tells How He Was Commit-

ted to Insane Hospital.

U. L. Blu, a former patient at the Central Insane Hospital, will ask the Legislature to correct the insanity laws. Blu was discharged from the hospital as cured, and since then he has been living in Attica. Before he was sent to the hospital he was a dentist in this city, with an office at No 52 North Illinois street. Dr Blu has been active in his opposition to the present insanity law since his release, Oct. I. He claims that under the existing law a preson can be sent to an insane hospital with-out a fair trial. He claims that he was sent there because of a difference which he had with several of his relatives, and that he was sane at the time. He also alleges that Justice of the Peace Daniels swore that he was insane after a two-minute conversation, and that he was never allowed to introduce any evidence to prove the contrary. Dr. Blu has a number of witnesses who express surprise that he was ever declared insane.

Monument Place Carelessness. A few evenings since a well-known elderly citizen in crossing the area about the monument struck his foot against one the planks which are used as tracks for the moving of material, and got a severe fall. Complain is made of the carelessness of the contractors. Recently a team dashed into a pile of stone on the pavement near the curb. There was no red lantern on the

Police Station Changes.

uperintendent Powell is considering some changes in the interior of police headquarters. It is proposed to repair the old "bum" room and give it to the detectives for an office. The room occupied by them at present is to be used as a telephone room. This arrangement would give the superintendent all of the rooms upstairs.

Ostrich Feathers and curied in the latest styles.

FAILLES, 28 South Illinois

SENATORS LAY PLANS

THEY WILL INSIST THAT GOVERNOR NAME BI-PARTISAN BOARDS.

Committees Determined Upon-Fee System for County Officers Will Not Be Revived.

The conference of Republican Senators was in session all yesterday afternoon in an upper room of the Denison, Senator Wishard presiding. Nearly every Republican Senator was present. The first matter of importance was the report of the committee selected to assign Senators to committees. The following are the com-

Finance-Haggard, Bozeman, Holler, Gostlin, Wishard, Alexander and McKelvey. Judiciary-Newby, Cranor, Vail, LaFollett, Shiveley, Parker and Kern. Education-Duncan, McCutcheon, Thayer, Mull, Haggard, McLean and Gifford. Organization of Courts-Shively, Phares, Houghton, Boord, Newby, Ellison and

Corporations-Boord, Duncan, Schneck, Kerns, McCord, Humphreys and Rinear. Roads-Kerns, Houghton, Holler, White, O'Brien, Rinear and Bird. Benevolent Institutions-Boyd, White Collett, Newby, Wishard, Parker and Mc-

Agriculture - Holler, Kerns, Schneck Bethel, Mull, Bird and Beck. Banks-Bozeman, Mull, Phares, Thayer, Watson, McHugh and Johnson. Public Printing-Self, Phares, Vail, Hag-gard, Boord, McDonald and Sellers. Public Buildings and State Library-Mc-Cord, Phares, Duncan, McManus, Thayer, Barnes and Beck. Elections-Houghton, LaFollett, McCord,

Watson, Gostlin, Wray and Stuart. Federal Relations and Rights and Privileges of the Inhabitants of the State-Gostlin, O'Brien, Bethel, Crumpacker, Boze-man, Humphries and McHugh. Temperance - McMan 18, Crumpacker, Bethel, Watson, McCutcheon, Leyden and County and Township Business-Collett, McCord, Bethel, Boyd, Holler, McHugh and

Public Health, Vital and Other Statistics -Bethel, White, Holler, McManus, Schneck, McKelvey and Rinear. Claims and Expenditures-Watson, Boyd White, Thayer, Duncan, Sellers and Barnes.
Military Affairs—McCutcheon, Collett,
Haggard, Mull, McManus, McLean and

Phraseology and Arrangements of Bills and Unfinished Business-LaFollette, Shively, Newby, Houghton, Boord, Alexander State Prisons-Thayer, Watson, Schneck Boord, Gostlin, McDonald and Leyden. Swamp Lands and Drains-Phares, Gostin, Holler, Kerns, Bozeman, Sellers and Fees and Salaries-Cranor, Bozeman, Self, Duncan, Boord, Haggard, Collett, LaFol-lette, Baker, Humphries, Alexander, Kern and Parker. Insurance-Baker, Self, McCord, Boyd, White, Sellers and Wray.
Railroads-Crumpacker, Boord, Mull, Collett, Baker, Wray and McDonald.

City of Indianapolis-Wishard, Cranor, Self, Crumpacker, McHugh, Kern and Natural Gas-LaFollett, O'Brien, Cranor, Baker, Shiveley, Rinear and McHugh. Revision of the Constitution-Baker, Revision of the Constitution-Baker, O'Brien, Vail, Crumpacker, Houghton

World's Fair-McCutcheon, Sweeney, Ley-den, Johnson, Duncan, Newby, McHugh, Kern, Phares, Gostlin, Baker, McManus and Mines, Mining and Manufactures-chneck, McCutcheon, Thayer, Boyd, Kern, McKelvey and Ellison. Congressional Apportionment - Vail, White, Sweeney, Leyden, Mull, McCord, Cranor, Wishard, Kern, Phares, Beck, La-Follett and McDonald.

Legislative Apportionment — Wishard, Bethel, Houghton, Leyden, Johnson, Mc-Kelvey, Shiveley, McLean, O'Brien, Gostlin, Baker, McManus and Crumpacker. Supervision and Inspection of Journal of Senate-Newby, Self, Boyd, Vail, Thayer, Gifford and Barnes. Executive Appointments-White, Schneck, Bozeman, McCutcheon, Wishard, Ellison Cities and Towns-O'Brien, Schneck, Cra-nor, Haggard, Vail, Gifford and Sweeney.

Labor and Labor Statistics-Mull, O'Brien, Wishard, Houghton, Bethel, Parker and Rules of Senate-Lieutenant Governor ex. officio, Cranor, Newby, LaFollett, Shiveley, Watson, Kern and Alexander. Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument-Boyd

Duncan, Self, McCutcheon, Bozeman, Alex-ander and Johnson. -Joint Committees-Enrolled Bills-Vail, Self and Humphries. Public Buildings-Haggard, Collett and

State Library-McCord, McManus and The assignments were more satisfactory to the Senators themselves than is usually the case where thirty men are to be placed The Senators, in their comments about the hotel, expressed the opinion that the committees are admirably constructed with a view of the work which each has to do. Two weeks from yesterday the committees which have to do with the apportionment, charitable and correctional institutions, fees and salaries and a few more will meet at the Denison, Tuesday, Dec. 11, to re-

port progress.

The Republican Senators also drew seats, taking the west side of the Senate chamber. From prominent Senators who were in the conference it was learned that the Republican Senators are unanimously in favor of both legislative and congressional apportionment. Such bills will be agreed upon by the Republicans of the committees before the meeting of the Legislature.

THE FEE AND SALARY QUESTION. The subject of salaries and fees was disof opinion is that the fee system will not be revived and that salaries for county offices shall be made upon the basis of a fair compensation for what intelligent service is worth. Senator Cranor, the chairman of this important committee, is a lawyer who has given this subject much attention. The fact that a lobby is expected from the alleged county offices' association of last year has made members rather sensitive as to the announcements coming from some of the active members as well as their efforts to prevent the nomination

of men who could not be relied on by the lobby. In regard to the nonpartisan policy for the management of the charitable and correctional institutions, the unanimous sentiment is in favor of continuing the power of appointment in the Governor, assuming that he will carry out the provisions of such a law as the Legislature will enact. The conference was pervaded by the spirit

of harmony and the purpose to so discharge

its duties as to meet the approbation of the people of Indiana. All of the important measures will be discussed at the next conference, with a view of having them perfected from the Republican point of view when the Legislature shall meet. One of the things that the caucus was united upon was that the penal and benevolent institutions of the State are going to pass under bipartisan control. On this proposition there was no dissenting voice. "Bipartisan control," said one of the Senators, voicing the sentiment of the cau-"does not mean that the several boards are to be made up of two Democrats and one Republican, but that the dominant party, as shown by the vote cast at the last election, is to have a majority of the membership on each board. This matter will be presented to Governor Matthews, who is now vested with the appointing power, and if he consents, well and good; if he does not, the Republicans will give the Democrats a dose of their own medicine and take

the appointing power out of the hands of the Governor. The appointments, also, that he makes must be satisfactory to the Senate and be confirmed by it." Other points that the caucus yesterday was practically united upon were that the law governing the number of Senate employes must be strictly adhered to; the enactment of an equitable fee and salary law based on population; a legislative and congressional apportionment that is absolutely fair; the erection of a State soldiers' home at Lafayette, and the paring down of the tax levy and appropriations to the lowest point consistent with the proper conduct of the State government and the

maintenance of its institutions. CANDIDATES IN THE WAKE. Men Who Want Legislative Appoint-

ment ia Town Dr. Elrod, who was a candidate for the nomination of State Geologist, was present yesterday to urge his canvass for election as State librarian. The Senators expressed themselves in some instances as believing that the election would go to a woman, and several of the candidates of the voting sex came to the conclusion that it was not worth while to waste expectations upon the

J. J. Maddox, candidate for doorkeeper of the Senate, was working hard to sound the Senators as to his chances. He is a unique and very entertaining character whe, by

native force and shrewdness, has risen to a place of prominence in the counties of Jay. Adams and Blackford, which constitute his legislative district. He was the Republican andidate for Representative two years ago. He says that he never went to school thirty days in his life, and when he was married he could not read or write. Since then he has become proficient in the law and has acquired a fortune which enabled him to give each of his seven children \$10,000 each. a has been a crier of sales all his life and the number of sales cried by him is over 1,300. He was a justice of the peace, and has united a large number of couples in that capacity. He was a soldier during the war, and came out as a lieutenant, and is now president of his regimental associa-

Senators Are Satisfied. Senator Boyd expressed himself as satisfied with the places on committees assigned him. He said there was less than the usual disappointment in the elections of the committees. Each Republican Senator is chairman of some committee and all have important places on other important committees. Senator Boord drew the chairmanship on corporations. He wanted that on railroads, but the one he received stands next in order. He was well pleased to land in the committee on fees and salaries, which is to be one of the most important committees in the Senate. Senator Eaker will be the chairman of the insurance committee. There were a number of insurance men present anxious for a committee that will not be prejudiced against their business. Senator Baker was the only appli-

cant for this chairmanship. Meeting of Young Republicans. A convocation of young Republicans is expected to be held in this city to-day and to-morrow. It is announced that there is no definite purpose beyond that of getting together, but with all the definite lack of motive it is said there will be a large number present. Everyone attending will be required to explain, if he can, what his purpose is in attending the convocation. The purpose as indicated in the invitations, sent out to those expected, is first com-panionship, and after that whatever may develop in future conferences.

World's Fair Commission Report. There is to be a report from the world's fair committee to the coming General Assembly. The report will not present a deficit to be supplied by appropriation, but the committee will detail what has been done with the Indiana building and its furnishings. The Indiana World's Fair Commission has completed its report, but will have a meeting, it is inought, for final revision before the Legislature acts upon it.

He Is a Candidate for Governor. Hon. Will Cumback was one of the numerous well-known Republicans about the Denison House yesterday. He told several friends that he would be a candidate for nomination of Governor in 1896. It is said that he has an ambition to round out his career in the United States Senate.

CHANGES IN POLICE

SOME MEMBERS WHO BRING DIS-CREDIT ON FORCE MUST GO.

No Appointment Made Yet to Fill Sergeant Barlow's Place-Grades of Applicants.

There is much speculation in police circles as to who will be selected as Republican sergeant, to fill the place made vacant by the removal of Barlow. There are a score of patrolmen who would like the position and several are making an effort to get it. Among the officers named as possibilities are Slate, Crane, Bolan, Leppert and Pope. Members of board decline to say who will chosen. It is generally understood that there are to be several changes and a few dismissals. For several weeks past Superintendent Powell has been furnishing the board information regarding the different officers on the force, with the understanding that the changes were to be made. There is some uneasiness in the detective department for it is said that there are to

be some changes there. The members of the Board of Safety are convinced, from the numerous complaints received, that some members of the police force are not such men as should be entrusted with the enforcement of the laws of the city. Complaints are constantly received from ratail grocers and small dealers that policemen are indebted to them for food supplies. Other officers are known to drink while in uniform. In speaking of the matter, yesterday, when asked if there was any truth in the rumor that there was to be a general overhauling of the

force, Commissioner Conner said: "It is not true that we are contemplating any general change. There are certain men on the force who have never had any serious charge filed against them, but who are constantly doing something to bring discredit, in a small, way, on the police force. Such complaints are becoming too numerous and something must be done to put an end to them. On the other hand there are a large number of men on the force who deserve full credit for their efficient service and honorable actions. These men need have no fear. There will be no general changes but as fast as these little complaints come in they will be investigated and if we find that any man constantly allows his grocery bills to go unpaid or if any of the other minor charges are sustained in such number as to show that the officer is a man lacking in the principles of honorable dealing with his fellowman he will have to make room for a better man.

Patrolman Burris was discharged yesterday for conduct unbecoming an officer. He made no defense to the charges. W. F. Brady, one of the men who passed the recent examination, was appointed to fill the vacancy. Nothing has been done yet in the case of Patrolman Cox. The evidence was heard and the case taken under consideration by the board. The names of those who passed the recent examination and their grades are

given below: Republicans—William F. Brady, 88½; B. H. Jeffries, 88; W. P. Smith, 87; W. H. Roberts, 85; Hey Lowe, 81; Jeremiah Griffin, 80; N. E. Clark, 78; John R. Maroney, William F. Beckman, 77; Lafayette Kennedy, 76; Wm. J. Demmy, 75; Jas. H. Crabtree, 75; Ira L. Leet, 74½; Wm. P. Scott, 73; William Henry Martin, 72; Alexander Tyler, 70; George W. Slagle, 67; Marion Vawter, 68. Democrats—Frank Reese, 89; R. M. Coleman, 88; W. T. West, 86; Oscar Bailey, 84; Edward T. Mulhall, 84; Chas. F. Weaver, 82; John Foltzenlogle 81; Ben-jamin A. Bell, 80; Daniel Sweeney, 77; Simon J. Guntz, 75; Chas. M. Halstead, 75; Newton Jackson, 74; J. M. Newhouse, 73; George W. Losh, jr., 73; Daniel Dona-hue, 71; William E. Brooks, 70; Joseph S.

Beatty, 69. Will Assist Council Committees. In speaking, yesterday, of the Council committee which is to investigate the Department of Public Works, Mayor Denny said he was in perfect accord with the Council in its efforts to bring to light the full truth in regard to the charges which have been made against the Board of Works and its subordinates. "Various charges have been made through the public press," he said, "and, while I do not think there will be found anything

in them for which the board can be cen-

sured, I am glad to see that the matter is to be sifted to the bottom, and promise the committee my full assistance in doing so. I want the men exonerated or condemned, as the facts may warrant.' Hyde Park Church Dedication. The Hyde Park Methodist Episcopal Church, on Twenty-second street, near Illinois, will be dedicated next Sunday after-

preach the dedicatory sermon. The church has a debt of about \$1,500 which will be provided for at this service. Charles Wall Released. In the Criminal Court yesterday Charles Wall was tried for robbery and released on his personal bond of \$1,000. John Nurse, a thoroughly disreputable young man, pleaded not guilty to the charge of petit larceny and was sent to the work-

noon at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. C. N. Sims will

house for sixty days. China Painters' Notice. Just received a large lot of White Tep-litz China in beautiful designs—a little late, but will give a large discount to sell it quickly.

FOR FIFTEEN DAYS' SERVICES HE CHARGES \$286.10.

Total Bill Calls for \$576.40-Legislative Jobbery Exposed-Why Fees

Are So High.

Coroner Castor has filed his bill with the County Commissioners for services rendered during the fifteen days he was in office during November. The total bill is \$576.40, itemized as follows: Twenty "original" days, i. e., time occupied in viewing the remains in twenty cases, at \$10 a day, \$200; four autopsies, at \$25 each, \$100; constable's service, \$64.30; clerk, at \$3 a day, \$39; thirty-one days for the examination of witnesses, at \$2.50 a day, \$78.50; mileage, \$7.60, and witness fees, \$87. Of this amount the coroner's share is \$286.10, or \$2 less than half of the entire bill.

The subpoenas, as filed by the constable, show that in three cases witnesses were summoned to appear before the coroner on different days to testify in the same case, when the summonses were issued and served at the same time. Dr. Castor says this was not done for the purpose of prolonging the case, but because he could not be at the office to hear the evidence, which had to be taken by his clerk, and on the testimony of the first witnesses depended the substance of what questions should be propounded to the other witnesses. On that account he was forced to have them appear on different days, so he could have an opportunity in the meantime to examine the first testimony.

When Coroner Castor began his official duties a Journal reporter asked him for a statement in regard to his ideas of the financial management of the office. He gave the following statement, which was

published in the Journal, Saturday, Nov. 17: "I was elected on a platform declaring for an economical management of public affairs, and I intend to stand on the platform to the letter. In making this statemen I do not wish to convey the impression that the cost of administering the office of coroner will be reduced to what it as ten years ago, but it will not reach the exorbitant amounts which have been paid for the service in the past two years. The law allows the coroner \$10 for each inquest held and \$2.50 a day for the examination of witnesses. I don't intend to construe that law to mean that if I spend ten minutes in the examination of a witness, I am to have \$2.50 for it. For example: Suppose I have a half dozen cases on hand at one time, and in one day should examine witnesses in all of them. I would not feel that I was entitled to receive pay for six days' services, but, on the other hand, suppose I had two cases on hand, and should spend almost an entire day on one of them, and then spend a half an hour on the other, I should think it would be just that I should receive two days' pay. The law does not contemplate that the services of a physician are worth only \$2.50 a day, although many times the coroner will have to do a whole day's work for that sum. To sum the mat-ter up, I expect to do what is just for the taxpayers, and will not present bills for one hundred days' work in one month." "How do you reconcile your former interview with your present bill?" he was

asked. "In the first place, I have not charged as many days as a strict construction of the law would allow. There would be at least one-fourth more if I had charged for every time I examined a witness in a case In regard to the last statement in my former interview, I will say, with full candor, that I did not know how many days were charged in the bill. I took the different cases as they came in, and selected such days as I thought the work justified me in charging, and put them in the bill, but did not add them up to see for how many days I was charging." "Now that you know how many days you have charged, what do you intend to do about it? The taxpayers will surely con-

sider your bill as exorbitant as any of Coroner Beck's bills." "I hardly know what to say, but must confess I was surprised to learn that the total amounted to fifty-one days. If the County Commissioners would allow me to do so I would be willing to withdraw that bill and make a new one, charging one day for the examination of witnesses for each actual working day of the time I have been in office. But before I would be willing to do that, I would have to have an assurance from the commissioners that they would alow me pay at that rate every month for examining witnesses, whether I actually examined witnesses each day or not. There may occasionally be days when I will be kept so busy outside that I will have no time to make any formal examinations, but it seems now there will never be month when I will put in less than twentysix days making examinations, conside

under the present construction of the law. In speaking of the general expenses of the office, Dr. Castor said: "The coroner has the reputation of re ceiving fees to a large amount. Of the bil for \$576.40, which I rendered Monday, I wil receive \$286.10, a little less than half of it. The remainder, except \$87, is the compensation of the physicians employed to perform post mortem examinations, and for my constable and clerk. The other amount, \$87 is for witness fees. A large part of this amount will not be paid out by the county treasurer. The law requires me to certify the name of every witness whom I examine, and he is entitled to receive 75 cents for his services. This entire amount is charged to the coroner's omce, but a la portion of it is never called for by those entitled to receive it. It is certified, so the treasurer will know who is entitled to draw it, and in that way the coroner charged with at least \$1,000 a year which is never paid out by the county. I have no discretion about examining witnesses. The law says I must examine all who present themselves and claim to have any knowledge bearing on the case. In a large number of cases the witnesses are the immediate relatives of the dead person, and usually that class of witnesses do not call for

A perusal of the law on the compensation of coroners reveals what appears to be a piece of jobbery of large proportions. The law which went in effect Aug. 24, 1875, provided that a coroner should receive \$5 for the first day's service in holding an in-quest and \$2.50 for each subsequent day's time, with 5 cents a mile for each mile necessarily traveled. He could employ a clerk at not to exceed \$2 a day. In 1883 a bill was quietly slipped through the Legislature changing the compensation for the first day's services to \$10 and increasing the clerk's salary to & a day. There is nothing unreasonable in the fact that the coroner's fees were increased, but the second section of the bill reveals the jobbery. It provides that the act shall be applicable only in counties having a population of more than forty thousand according to the census of 880. That makes the law apply to only four counties-Allen, Marion Vanderburg and Vigo. If the law had been made applicable to all counties when their population reached forty thousand it would now include St. Joseph, which, according to the census of 1890, exceeds that number by about two thousand. Of the counties included in the act Allen was reliably Democratic until last election, Marion was Democratic at that time. The other two counties sometimes were in line with one party and again with the other. The third section declared an emergency and made the act effective from and after its passage. It was not signed by the Governor till the very last moment. All bills which remained on the Governor's desk after March the day this one was signed, become laws

by the lapse of time. Death of County Asylum Inmate. Conrad Wagner, an inmate of the county asylum, died suddenly yesterday morning. He was sixty years old and an epileptic. He had been at the institution since 1885. Previous to that time he was an inmate at the Central Insane Hospital. Coroner Castor made an investigation, but has not yet de-cided the exact cause of death. The deceased has two sons living at Louisville, and an attempt will be made to find them. Before attacked with insanity he lived on South Meridian street and earned a livelihood as a laborer.

The Monument Machinery.

The work in the basement of the monument will resolve itself, when finished, into a combination of considerable interest. The three gas engines will be aligned opposite three dynamos which will be operated by a clutch crank, permitting the machinery to be used either separately or altogether. Thus if one engine gets out of order the other two may be depended upon, or if two are out of order, the third will furnish enough power for the time being. The three engines and dynamos will furnish power for the elevator, the lighting and the fountains

simple turning of a switch on the switch board, through which all the currents pass. The total cost of the equipment is about

DORAN'S COSTLY THREAT.

It Doubled the Penalty for His Assault on Chief Splann.

Thomas Doran was fined \$125, with \$40

costs attached, and sent to the workhouse for 180 days, by Judge Stubbs yesterday morning on four charges. Monday night Chief Splann and patrolman Sauers attempted to arrest him at the Union Station for public indecency and intoxication. He resisted arrest, and it was only after a hard struggle that the officers succeeded in getting him into the patrol wagon. During the scuffle he kicked Chief Splann in the face several times, making some painful cuts and bruises. In Police Court he was charged with public indecency, intoxication, resisting an officer and assault and battery. On the first three charges he was fined a total of \$25, but the other one Judge Stubbs looked upon as too serious for a light penalty, and fined him \$50 and sentenced him to the workhouse for ninety days. As he was being taken from the court room he turned with the remark: "When I get out of the workhouse I am going to take mighty good care of myself, and I will care for some one else, too." Judge Stubbs ordered the officer to bring him back to the bar, and, after lecturing him, increased the penalty to \$100 fine and 180 days in the workhouse. It will take 245 days to serve out the entire sentence. Fred J. Connor, the burglar who was ar-rested in Andrew Steffin's cigar store Monday night, waived examination and was held to the grand jury. The boy's father, who was present, could not restrain his tears when he saw his son in the prisoner's dock.
John Walters, proprietor of the Brighton Beach resort, was fined for profanity. Officers went to his place to see !f he was sell-ing any liquor after nours. While in his place he swore at them.

COMMERCIAL CLUB MATTERS.

Reciprocal Club Privileges Arranged with Out-of-Town Clubs.

The Commercial Club directors held their regular business meeting yesterday afternoon. The secretary reported that arrangenents have been completed for reciprocal privileges for members between the club and like organizations of Western cities. President Lilly was authorized to appoint five delegates to the conference of manufacturers to be held in Cincinnati on Jan. 22. The conference is for the general interchange of views looking to the formation of a national association of manufacturers, which shall have as a purpose the consideration of legislation to encourage the man ufacturing industries throughout the country, the consideration of ways and means whereby trade relations between the United States and foreign countries may be developed and the extension of trade to the South American countries. The proposition is regarded with favor by the members of

A request was sent in from the Fireman's Relief Fund committee asking the approval and support by the club of the committee's work in obtaining donations and an indorsement of the annual ball. The request was filed several weeks ago. The ball was given last week and the club directors approved the plan. They recommended that the work receive a hearty co-operation. The reports submitted show that a lively interest is being taken in the proposed con vention of commercial organizations in this city on Dec. 12. Most of the leading cities and towns of the State will be represented

GEORGE D. ARMSTRONG ARRESTED.

Charged with the Embezzlement of \$3,000 from a Commission Firm.

George D. Armstrong, charged with emezzling \$3,000 from the Indianapolis Commission Company while acting as its agent at Anderson, was arrested in Toronto, Canada, yesterday, by the Pinkerton agency, and is now on his way back to Anderson. He disappeared from Anderson in the early part of October, and at that time it was charged that he was in debt for borrowed money to a large number of peoole in that town.

After the commission company made an examination of his books it was announced that, besides having made a number of questionable business transactions for the ompany, he was short in his accounts \$2,-000 and had drawn \$1,000 from the bank the day he left the city. Armstrong came here from Philadelphia about two years ago to look after a claim of \$1,000 against the Iron Hall. While here L. A. Kinsey, president of the commission company, who had known him in the East, offered him the Anderson agency, which he accepted. He is thirty-nine years old, and has a wife living in Philadelphia, where he is said to be well connected socially connected socially.

Armstrong reached Anderson last night, and says he will be able to straighten out his accounts in a satisfactory manner. The debts he owed in Anderson were settled by

the commission company.

Incorporated Yesterday. Articles of association were yesterday filed with the Secretary of State as follows: Diamond Paper Company, of Anderson, capital stock \$150,000; directors, C. Fairbanks, M. R. Williams, J. H. Swinarton. John Ingle Coal Company, Vanderburg county, capital stock \$50,000. Standard Manufacturing Company, cap-

tal stock \$9,000. Consolidated Stone Company, capital stock \$1,000,000; directors, Edward E. Worthington, Livingston T. Dickerson, Salathiel B. Voris, Archibald C. Voris, William H. Martin, C. H. Bogue and Joseph R. Voris.
Crystal Ice Company, capital stock \$40,000;
directors, Martin R. Williams, William H. Breisford and James L. Kilgore.

Lincoln Park Chapel Fair. The missionary society connected with the Lincoln Park Union Chapel has arranged for a fair in the rooms of the chapel on Talbott avenue, near Sixteenth street, on Dec. 11 and 12. Various articles will be of fered for sale. The society will serve suppar in the evenings. There will also be musical and literary entertainment. Union Chapel Association was established about one year ago and it has regularly conducted a big Sunday school and Sunday evening services. A church is to be erected and the fair is in the interest of this enterprise.

Charles W. Pierson's Guardian. Albert S. Peirson was yesterday appointed guardian of Charles W. Pierson, furnishing a bond in the sum of \$8,500.

Called Back. C. Schrader has been called back to his old place of business, 72 and 74 East Washington street, and will sell china at ruinous prices for the holiday trade. He will be glad to see his many friends. Chesterfieldian.

its hat to the pretty compliment paid the press by Mrs. Lodge in "A Bit of Finesse." Dunlap's Celebrated Hats At Seaton's Hat Store, 27 North Pennsyl

Every newspaper in the land should lift

Insure your home in the Glens Falls. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

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We have the largest stock of Novelties in the State. Sterling silver deposit on Porcelain, Crystal and Rockwood China a specialty. Come and see us for Xmas Gifts.

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STEINWAY

the standard of the world, by which all other pianos are rated, and then make comparisons and you will find it easier to ascertain the relative worth of various other pianos and might be instrumental in preventing your buying a piano that later on might prove unsatisfactory. A piano should be a perchase of a lifetime, and is worth a careful investigation, and no matter what price you expect to pay or where you really intend to buy, it is to your interest to examine Steinway first, and we take pleasure in showing them whether you buy from

BRYANT'S

C. RIEGGER. Manager.

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GILDEMEESTER & NIXON, STUYVESANT and OTHERS. & KROEGER, CASH OR TERMS. LOW PRICES. Pianos Rented and rent applied on purchase.

A SURPRISE TO OUR FRIENDS

SCHRADER'S

We are again in it. After a short vacation we have purchased our old store from Massrs. Dolinger & Son, at a great sacrifice, and we are now prepared to give big bargains EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK, until further notice. It is our desire, if possible, to wind up this business at the expiration of the lease, and will now commence to reduce stock. Everything in our line must go, Fine China Sets, Cut Glass, Bric-a-Brac, Toilet Sets and Holiday Goods generally. Now is the time to call and see what you can save. It will certainly pay you to get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. We will sell fine goods Very cheap, because, under the circumstances, we can well afford to do it. Besides, our expenses are nothing as compared to others in our line of business.

Another special reduction on White China for painters.

C. SCHRADER,

72 and 74 East Washington St.

Cloth by the Yard At Wholesale Prices

Such is the offer we make to ladies who desire to make Smoking Jackets, Wraps, or Children's

On January 1 we take our invoice. We anticipate the new tariff by giving low prices now. We propose to give finer goods in Suits at less money than ever before. We must reduce our stock of fine Foreign and Domestic Woolens. Come NOW.

Now is the time to leave your order for a Full Dress Suit for Evening Wear.

KAHN TAILORING CO

22 and 24 East Washington St.

New Tariff! Old Prices!

Our Stock of Diamonds

Always the largest and most complete in the city.

Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphires, Opals, Pearls, Turquois, And other precious stones, was never so large or so choice as at present. These goods were all bought under the OLD TARIFF RATE, and will be sold at OLD PRICES, offering a clear saving of 15 per cent.

J. C. SIPE, Room 4, Old Sentinel Building, 18 1-2 North Meridian Street.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK."

BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE SAPOLIO

Lump and

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INDIANAPOLIS GAS COMPANY.

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